

TEN KEY BIKE SAFETY TIPS FOR KIDS



Can-Bike?

- Can-Bike is the Cycling Canada's safety and skills program
- Tips based on the Can-Bike Kids program
 - Help children 8 and up to develop better knowledge and skills
- Why?
 - Statistics show 85% of bike accidents involving kids are the result of inappropriate action on the part of children.

Because it is not just learning to balance a bike.



Tip # 1 – Helmets Must Fit

- Helmets Mandatory in Manitoba
 - Under 18 must wear helmets
 - Adults should emulate the behaviour as well
- Helmet fit is a major issue
 - Follow the instructions or get some help
 - Use the 2V1 rule.



Photo: Green
Communities Canada

- It's not set it and forget it!
 - Helmet need to be checked regularly for fit.
 - Check for damage or cracking as well.



The 2V1 Rule

- Start with the right size
 - Should fit snuggly and not rock side to side
 - Use foam pads or rear lock ring adjustment
 - Remember you don't grow into a helmet!









The 2V1 Rule

- 2V1
 - "2" fingers above the eyebrows



• Straps form "V" under the ear



• "1" finger under the chin strap





Tip # 2 – Make Sure the Bike Fits the Child

- Bike Fit is very important
 - Get some help
- Frame size
 - 3 to 5 cm between you and the highest point of the top tube.







Tip # 3 – Make Sure the Bike is Safe – ABC's

- A is for air
 - Check tires for wear/embedded glass etc.
 - Tire inflated adequately
 - Wheels spin straight and true
 - Make sure wheels are tight (especially quick releases)
- B is for brakes and bars
 - Brakes
 - Brake levers
 - Brake pad wear and alignment







Tip # 3 – Make Sure the Bike is Safe – ABC's

- Bars
 - Check the handlebars to ensure they are tight
- C is for chain and crank (drive train)
 - Check that crank is tight
 - Give it a bit of lubrication



Drop test!

- Pick up the bike 3 to 4" off the ground and drop it.
- Listen for any loose parts.



Tip # 4 – Teach them the Skills

- It's not just about balancing the bike
 - Most common accident is simply falling
 - Need to learn how to maneuver
 - How to hold a straight line when signaling etc.
- A few simple exercises
 - Straight line riding
 - Add shoulder checks and signals
 - Slalom course
 - Practice braking quickly.





Tip # 5 – Sidewalks are not always the safest place to ride

- It's illegal (wheel size < 40 cm or 16")
- Intersections are dangerous
 - Don't forget driveways and back lanes
 - Drivers not looking for fast moving bikes
 - May not even see until pulling out.



Photo: Green Communities Canada

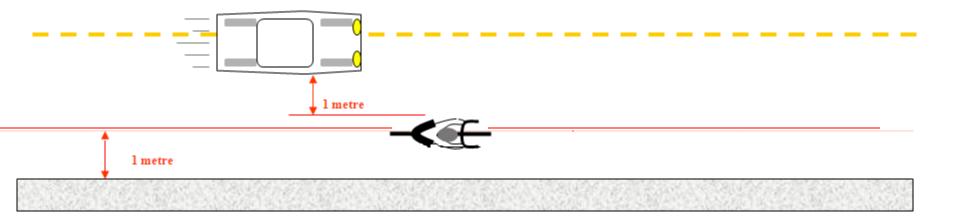


- Teach them early to ride on the road safely
 - On the road they are in the drivers field of vision



Tip # 6 – Know Where on the Road They Should Ride

- The Highway Traffic Act states they must ride as far to the right as practicable not possible.
 - Practicable means safe
 - Recommend a minimum of 1 metre

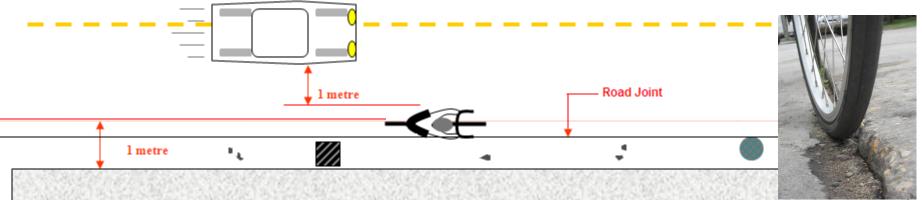




Why 1 Meter Minimum?

- Maintain a straight line
- Avoid potholes, debris, manhole covers and road joints

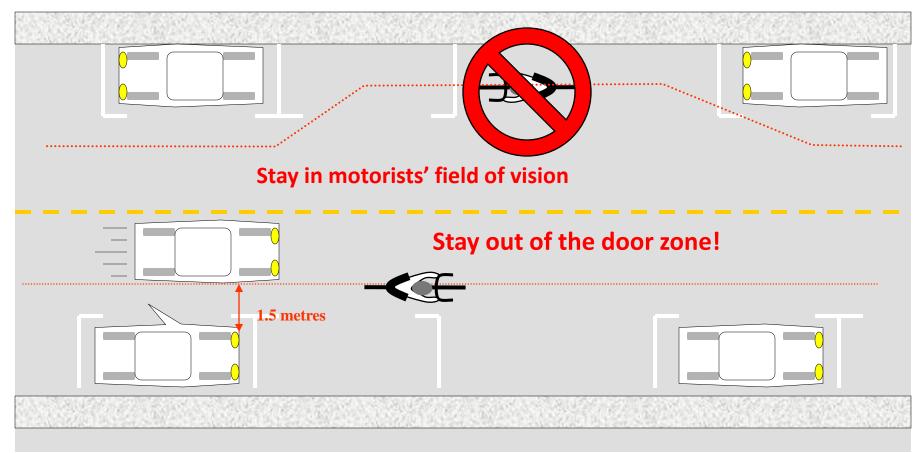




Never compromise your safety for someone else's convenience!



Parked Cars?





Tip # 7 – Teach Them to Communicate

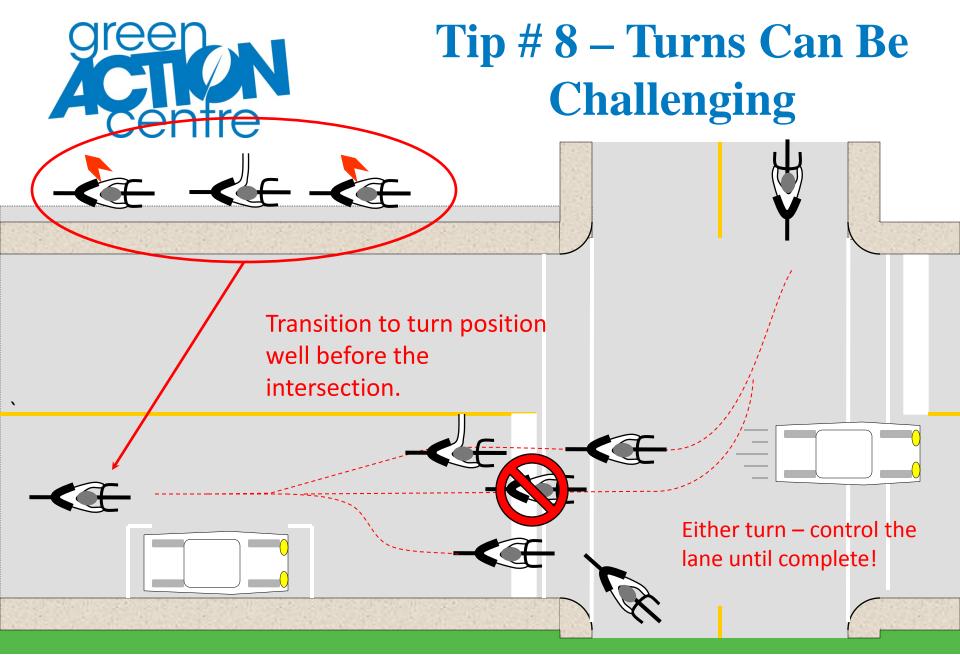
- Do they know the signals?
 - Use them and make them specific/visible





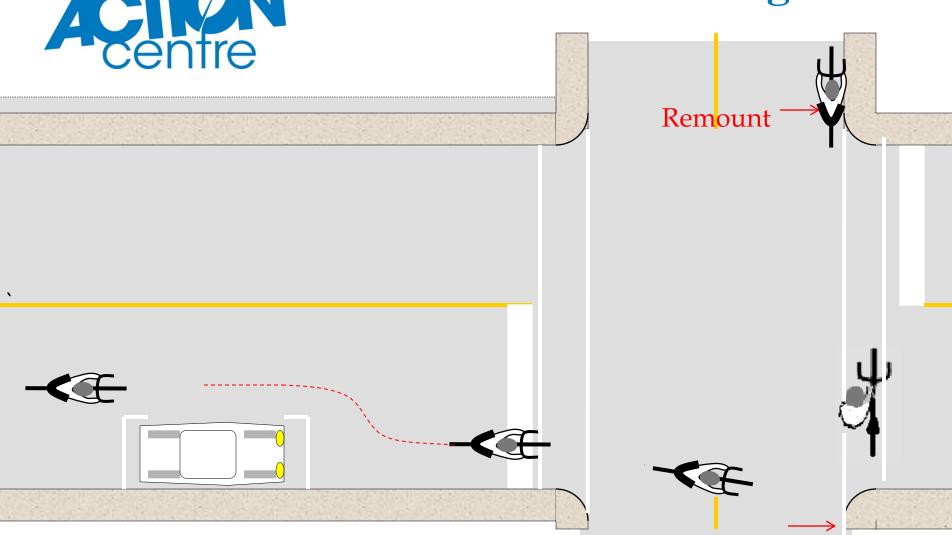
•Always shoulder check before signalling







Too Difficult or Dangerous?





Tip # 9 – Teach Them to Keep Their Bike Safe

Get a good lock

- A cheap lock is only a visual deterrent.
- U- locks are common but not created equal.
- Avoid cylindrical keys



Lock it right!

- Lock it to something solid
- Lock the frame and rear wheel
- Add a cable if needed





Tip # 10 – Make it Fun

- Bikes give children freedom and independence
 - Provide them with the knowledge and skills so they can ride safely.
 - They have fun and not be a constant source of

worry.





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